DODGE COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

October 2, 2017, 8:00 A.M.
FIRST FLOOR – ROOMS H & I AUDITORIUM
DODGE COUNTY ADMINISTRATION BUILDING, JUNEAU, WI 53039

The meeting was called to order at 8:00 a.m. by Dodge County Executive Committee Chairman, Russell Kottke.

Members present: Berres, Frohling, Kottke, Maly, Marsik, Miller, and Schmidt.

Member(s) absent: None.

Others present: Dodge County Administrator Jim Mielke; Dodge County Clerk Karen J. Gibson; Deputy County Clerk Christine M. Kjornes; Corporation Counsel Kimberly Nass; Emergency Management Director Amy Nehls; Human Resources Director Sarah Hinze; Planning and Economic Development Administrator Nathan Olson; Project Community Program Manager Leslie Covell Hershberger; Blue Zone employee Keith Hill; Blue Zone Co-Chair Renee Peterson; WBEV Radio Station Reporter Kevin Haugen; and Daily Citizen Reporter Terri Pederson.

Motion by Miller, seconded by Frohling, to approve the Agenda and allow the Chairperson to go out of order as needed to efficiently conduct the meeting. Motion carried.

Motion by Schmidt, seconded by Maly, to approve the September 5, 2017 minutes as presented. Motion carried.

Dodge County Clerk Karen Gibson provided an oral report to the Committee regarding the October 17, 2017 County Board meeting. Ms. Gibson reported that there will be Special Orders of Business that will include a presentation by the Glacier Heritage Development Partnership, and a presentation regarding the Dodge County Compensation Plan. Ms. Gibson further reported that the agenda will also include Resolutions from the Building Committee, the Finance Committee, the Human Resources and Labor Negotiations Committee, the Judicial and Public Protection Committee, the Planning, Development and Parks Committee, Bridge Memorials from the Highway Department, and a Report and Ordinance from the Planning, Development and Parks Committee.

Emergency Management Director Amy Nehls provided a brief oral update to the Committee regarding the Simulcast Phase IV project. Ms. Nehls reported that the project is progressing very well, the St. Helena Communications Tower is awaiting an antennae dish, and the week of September 25, 2017, there were issues at the Ashippun Communications Tower. Ms. Nehls further reported that the estimated completion date for the project is the end of 2017.

Ms. Nehls provided a brief oral update to the Committee regarding the Active Shooter Exercises. Ms. Nehls reported that the functional exercise will be held on November 9, 2017 in the Administration Building, and this exercise will focus on the Circuit Courts and Department Heads involved with COOP. Ms. Nehls further reported that the full scale exercise will take place in January of 2018, and this exercise will involve the Henry Dodge Office Building, the Highway Department, and the Administration Building. Ms. Nehls commented that County Board Supervisors that are interested in attending the exercises should contact her, and she will provide them with an invitation.

County Administrator Jim Mielke provided an oral update to the Committee regarding the Dodge County Blue Zones Project. Mr. Mielke reported that the Blue Zones survey was included in the packet materials, and Dodge County meets the points qualifications of the pledge assessment, but

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would also need 25% employee engagement to be considered a Blue Zone worksite. Mr. Mielke further reported that County Board action would be needed to move forward with the Blue Zones project, and the tentative plan is to have a Resolution along with a Blue Zones presentation at the November 14, 2017 County Board meeting. Mr. Mielke commented that the Blue Zones Project would be a positive opportunity for Dodge County. Supervisor Berres asked why the City of Watertown is not a part of the Dodge County Blue Zones Project. Project Community Program Manager Leslie Covell Hershberger answered that the Beaver Dam Community Hospital is Dodge County's main sponsor, and the City of Watertown has their own hospital. Mr. Mielke reported that there will be no expense to Dodge County for becoming a Blue Zone worksite. Blue Zone employee Keith Hill reported that the Dodge County Blue Zone Project is in the process of working on receiving community certification, which includes the Cities of Beaver Dam, Horicon, Juneau, and Mayville. It was a consensus of the Executive Committee to include the Dodge County Blue Zones Project as an item for discussion on the November 2017 Executive Committee agenda.

Mr. Mielke provided an oral report to the Committee regarding the Claim for Damages form. Mr. Mielke reported that the Claim for Damages form has been revised, and a draft Claim for Damages form was included in the packet materials. Mr. Mielke further reported that the draft claim form has been revised to include the statement that the Corporation Counsel has consulted with Wisconsin Municipal Mutual Insurance Company (WMMIC), and WMMIC has recommended the denial of the claim. Corporation Counsel Kimberly Nass reported that in the October 17, 2017 County Board packet materials, she will include a memo to the County Board Supervisors explaining the claim process, and will also include the letter that her office sends to the claimant after the disallowance by the County Board. Ms. Nass stated that a disallowance form shortens the time that a claimant can file action against Dodge County. Motion by Marsik, seconded by Maly to approve the revised Claim for Damages form. Motion carried.

Mr. Mielke provided a brief oral report to the Committee regarding the 2018 Dodge County Mini-Budget presentations. Mr. Mielke reported that the mini-budget presentations were held on September 26-28, 2017, and these sessions went well. Mr. Mielke further reported that these presentations provide the Department Heads a good opportunity to present their department needs to the Finance Committee. Mr. Mielke reported that there will be a special Finance Committee meeting to be held on October 24, 2017, and the budget will be distributed to the County Board Supervisors at their October 17, 2017 meeting.

Ms. Nass provided an oral update to the Committee regarding the status of contracts being reviewed and/or completed by the Corporation Counsel office.

Ms. Nass will provide a report from the Taxation Committee regarding the Monarch parcels located in the City of Beaver Dam to the Executive Committee at the November Executive Committee meeting.

Chairman Kottke reported that he signed a Proclamation proclaiming September as Chamber of Commerce month for the Beaver Dam Area Chamber of Commerce.

The Committee had a brief discussion on combatting the Opioid Epidemic. Mr. Kottke reported that this was a topic of discussion at the Wisconsin Counties Association (WCA) that was held on

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September 25-27, 2017, in Wisconsin Dells. Ms. Nass reported that she has received an engagement letter and a Resolution template, and she would customize the Resolution template to meet Dodge County's needs. This will be an item on the November Executive Committee meeting agenda.

Mr. Kottke provided a brief oral report to the Committee regarding compensation paid to County Board members and Committee members for the April 2018 – 2020 term. Mr. Kottke stated if changes were going to be made to the compensation, a Resolution would need to go to the County Board on or before the November 14, 2017 County Board meeting. Supervisor Berres asked when the compensation pay was last increased for County Board Supervisors and Committee members. Ms. Gibson reported that in April of 2014, the perdiem increased from \$40.00 to \$50.00. The Committee had a brief discussion regarding technology needs for County Board Supervisors. It was a consensus of the Executive Committee not to make any changes to the compensation paid to County Board members and Committee members.

The Committee members briefly discussed the sessions that they attended at the Wisconsin Counties Association Annual Conference that was held on September 25-27, 2017, in Wisconsin Dells.

Meeting adjourned at 9:30 a.m. by order of the Chairman.

The next regular meeting is scheduled for	or Monday, November 6, 2 0	17, at 8:00 a.m.
Jeff Berres, Secretary	-	

Disclaimer: The above minutes may be approved, amended or corrected at the next committee meeting.

Resolution Number: 2017-09-03

Creating a Nonpartisan Procedure for the Preparation of Legislative and Congressional Redistricting Plans

WHEREAS, currently under the state constitution, the legislature is directed to redistrict legislative districts according to the number of inhabitants at its next session following the decennial federal census by the majority party; and at the same intervals, the legislature also reapportions congressional districts pursuant to federal law; and

WHEREAS, legislative and congressional redistricting plans enacted pursuant to this procedure are used to elect members of the legislature and members of Congress in the fall of the second year following the year of the census; and

WHEREAS, historically legislative and congressional plans in Wisconsin have been viewed by many to be subject to partisan influence; and

WHEREAS, the 2011 process to draw the maps and fight litigation contesting those maps cost taxpayers nearly \$1.9 million; and

WHEREAS, a panel of federal district court judges has ruled that the redistricting that was done in Wisconsin in 2011 was unconstitutional, and that case is now on appeal to the United States Supreme Court, and redistricting to achieve partisan gains is improper, whether it is done by Republicans or Democrats.

NOW, BE IT RESOLVED that the Trempealeau County Board of Supervisors insists upon the creation of a nonpartisan procedure for the preparation of legislative and congressional redistricting plans; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the process chosen must promote accountability and transparency and prohibit the consideration of voting patterns, party information, and incumbents' residence information or demographic information in drawing the maps, except as necessary to ensure minority participation as required by the U. S. Constitution; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the County Clerk is directed to send a copy of this resolution to the Governor of the State of Wisconsin, the Wisconsin Counties Association, the Wisconsin Towns Association, the Wisconsin League of Municipalities, all members of the state legislature, and to each Wisconsin County.

RECEIVED IN THE OFFICE OF COUNTY CLERK

OCT 02 201/

DOOR COUNTY

Resolution No. 2017-68

IN OPPOSITION TO THE PROPOSED SB 395 AND AB 499 RELATING TO THE REGULATION OF NONFERROUS METALLIC MININGENED IN THE OFFICE OF THE OFFICE OFFIC

OCT 3 0 2017

TO THE DOOR COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS:

WHEREAS, Proposed 2017 Senate Bill 395 ("SB 395") and 2017 Assembly Bill 499 ("AB 499") make a number of changes to laws relating to nonferrous metallic mineral prospecting and mining.

WHEREAS, current law provides that the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources ("DNR") "...may not issue a permit under s. 293.49 for the purpose of the mining of a sulfide ore body until all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- (a) The department determines, based on information provided by an applicant for a permit under s. 293.49 and verified by the department, that a mining operation has operated in a sulfide ore body which, together with the host nonferrous rock, has a net acid generating potential in the United States or Canada for at least 10 years without the pollution of groundwater or surface water from acid drainage at the tailings site or at the mine site or from the release of heavy metals.
- (b) The department determines, based on information provided by an applicant for a permit under s. 293.49 and verified by the department, that a mining operation that operated in a sulfide ore body which, together with the host nonferrous rock, has a net acid generating potential in the United States or Canada has been closed for at least 10 years without the pollution of groundwater or surface water from acid drainage at the tailings site or at the mine site or from the release of heavy metals.

SB 395 and AB 499 would eliminate these conditions.

WHEREAS, under current law, a nonferrous prospecting or mining permit applicant must obtain a high capacity well approval if the applicant will withdraw groundwater or dewater mines at a rate and capacity of more than 100,000 gallons each day. The DNR is prohibited from issuing this approval if the withdrawal or dewatering will result in the unreasonable detriment of public or private water supplies or the unreasonable detriment of public rights in the waters of the state. [s. 293.65 (3), Stats.]. SB 395 and AB 499 would remove this prohibition.

WHEREAS. Under current law, groundwater standards apply from the land surface down through all saturated geological formations. SB 395 and AB 499 provide that, in context of nonferrous mining or prospecting, groundwater contamination enforcement standards do not apply below the depth in the Precambrian bedrock below which the groundwater is not reasonably capable of being used for human consumption and is not hydrologically connected to other sources of groundwater that are suitable for human consumption.

WHEREAS, Under current law, a person may apply to the DNR for a license or permit to engage in exploration for, prospecting for, or mining of nonferrous metallic minerals. SB 395 and AB 499 create a separate activity termed "bulk sampling" of nonferrous metallic minerals (which is defined as excavating in a potential mining site by removing less than 10,000 tons of material to assess the material or gather data to support a mining application) and a streamlined approval process with less scrutiny, opportunity for public comment, oversight and control.

WHEREAS, SB 395 and AB 499 makes various changes to the permit application, review and hearing processes related to nonferrous metallic mineral prospecting and mining, which will result in less scrutiny, opportunity for public comment, accountability, oversight and control.

DOOR COUNTY

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Resolution No. 2017-68

IN OPPOSITION TO THE PROPOSED SB 395 AND AB 499 RELATING TO THE REGULATION OF NONFERROUS METALLIC MINING

ROLL CALL Nav Exc **Board Members** AUSTAD BACON D. ENGLEBERT R. ENGLEBERT ENIGL FISHER GUNNLAUGSSON HALSTEAD KOCH KOHOUT LIENAU LUNDAHL MOELLER NEINAS ROBILLARD SCHULTZ SITTE SOHNS VIRLEE VLIES WOTACHEK WAIT

BOARD A	CTION		
Vote Required:	Majority Vo	ote of a Quoru	<u>m</u>
Мойов to Аррго	ve	Adopted	×
18t <u>F</u> S	July-	Defeated	
2 Hi	stead		
Yes:	No:	Exa	·

Reviewed by:
Corp. Counsel
Reviewed by:
, Administrator
FISCAL IMPACT: There is no
fiscal impact to County of Door or
its annual budget associated with
the adoption of this resolution.

Certification:

MEJ

i, Jill M. Lau, Clerk of Door County, hereby carify that the above is a true and correct copy of a resolution that was adopted on the <u>24th</u> day of <u>October</u> 2017 by the Door County Board of Supervisors.

JIII M. Lau
County Glerk, Door County

WHEREAS, the potential impacts of certain nonferrous metallic mineral exploration and mining include: long term leaching of acid-producing wastes into groundwater and adjacent surface waters; this degradation of water quality presents risks to human health and the environment; and potential economic losses (e.g., reduction of property values and loss of tourism revenue).

WHEREAS, the Door County Board of Supervisors, by adoption of Resolution 2017-49 on July 25th 2017, expressed its opposing to the Aquila Resources, Inc. Back Forty mine project located adjacent to Marinette County and across the Menominee River in Michigan's Upper Peninsula.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Door County Board of Supervisors hereby expresses its opposition to 2017 Senate Bill 395 and 2017 Assembly Bill 499 and its support for existing laws and regulations including Chapter 293, Wisconsin Statutes and Chapter NR 130, Wisconsin Administrative Code.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the County Clerk is hereby directed to transmit a copy of this Resolution to the Governor of the State of Wisconsin, to the Department of Natural Resources Interim Secretary Kurt Thiede, to legislators representing Door County, to the Wisconsin Counties Association and all Wisconsin Counties

SUBMITTED BY: Land Conservati	on Committee
Then Thele	John Meria
Ken Fisher, Chairman	John Neinas
Ranky Halaters	Richard View
Randy Halstead	Richard Virlee
Mike Vandenhouten	

RESOLUTION NO. 177-2016-2018

TO: THE HONORABLE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE PORTAGE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS:

RE: SENSE OF THE BOARD; OPPOSING THE PASSAGE OF 2017 SENATE BILL 54 AND 2017 ASSEMBLY BILL 94

WHEREAS, legislation has been introduced, in the form of 2017 Senate Bill 54 and 2017 Assembly Bill 94, to amend the Wisconsin state statutes to require the Department of Corrections to recommend revoking a person's extended supervision, probation, or parole if the person is charged with a crime while on extended supervision, probation, or parole; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Corrections estimates that this legislation could result in an increase of 5,570 revocations cases each year. This means that 5,570 more individuals would be occupying county jails without proper reimbursement from the State; and

WHEREAS, this legislation, as drafted, is an unfunded mandate to Wisconsin's counties and their jails; and

WHEREAS, it is estimated that this bill could result in increased operating and construction costs for the Department of Corrections, exceeding \$51,000,000 during the first year of enactment, and ongoing and permanent increased operational costs of over \$149,000,000 after the population is annualized during the second year of enactment.; and

FISCAL NOTE: There are no fiscal obligations for the county associated with this resolution.

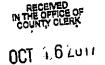
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Portage County Board of Supervisors does hereby oppose the passage of 2017 Senate Bill 54 and 2017 Assembly Bill 94, urge our elected representatives of the legislature to vote against these bills, and further urge Governor Walker to veto and resulting act created by the passing of these bills.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Portage County Clerk be directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Portage County Executive, all Wisconsin counties, the Wisconsin Counties Association, the Wisconsin Legislature, and the Governor.

RECEIVED IN THE OFFICE OF COUNTY CLERK

OCT 13 2017

DODGE COUNTY, WIS.



RESOLUTION № 363-091917 OPPOSING THE AQUILA RESOURCES, INC. PROPOSED BACK FORTY MINE PROJECT

DODGE COUNTY, WIS.

WHEREAS, the Aquila Resources, Inc. Back Forty Project, a proposed open pit metallic sulfide mine, would be located on the banks of the Menominee River, which empties into Lake Michigan and is one of the largest watersheds in Northern Wisconsin and Michigan's Upper Peninsula; and,

WHEREAS, the Menominee River provides a unique habitat for species of special concern such as Lake Sturgeon and Freshwater Mussels, which would be negatively impacted by discharges into the water, and;

WHEREAS, the potential impacts of the mine include long term leaching of acid-producing wastes into the groundwater and the river, and;

WHEREAS, the hazardous wastes generated by the mine would potentially degrade water quality and present risks to human health and the environment in Wisconsin as well as Michigan, and;

WHEREAS, potential economic losses including reduction in property values and loss of tourism revenue are not factored into the permitting review process, and;

WHEREAS, the approval of this mine will result in the Irreversible loss of significant cultural resources of the Menominee Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin, including Native American gravesites and other areas of historical significance.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Trustees of the Village of Sister Bay, Wisconsin does hereby go on record as opposing Aguila Resources, Inc. Back Forty Mine Project and urges the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality to deny a mining permit for the project.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Village Clerk is hereby directed to transmit a copy of this Resolution to the Governor of the State of Wisconsin, to the Department of Natural Resources Secretary Cathy Stepp, to legislators representing Door County constituents, to the Wisconsin Counties Association and all Wisconsin Counties, to the Wisconsin League of Municipalities, to the Governor of Michigan Rick Snyder, to the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality and to the Michigan Department of Natural Resources.

INTRODUCED at a regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Village of Sister Bay held this 19th day of September, 2017.

Passed and adopted this 19 day of Sept 2017.

David W. Lienau, President

ATTEST:

Christy Sully, Village Clerk

VOTE: Ayes 5 Noes 0

Motion	Motion to Adopt By: Jeanne Nutter				
Secondo	ed By: Olin Fi	mreite	-	•	
Dist.	Supervisor	Y	N	A	
1	Frey	X			
2	Winters	X			
3	S. Miller	X			
4	Sacia	X			
5	Schultz	X			
6	Brandt	X			
7	Killian	M			
8	D. Miller	X			
9	Haines			X	
10	Aasen	X			
11	Walek	X			
12	Zeglin	X			
13	Fimreite	X			
14	Nelson	X			
15	Nutter	×			
16	Skoyen	X			
17	Vold	×			
	TOTALS	16	0	1	

First Reading: 10/16/2017

Second Reading: Waived

Vote Required: Majority

Adopted ⊠ Defeated □

STATE OF WISCONSIN)

)s.s.

CO. OF TREMPEALEAU)

I hereby certify that this resolution /ordinance is a true and correct copy of a resolution/ordinance adopted by the Trempealeau County Board of Supervisors on: 10/16/2017.

Paul Syverson, County Clerk

Resolution Number: 2017-10-08

Opposition to Section 7 of SB 387/AB 479

WHEREAS, a fundamental and generally accepted principle of the electorate of Trempealeau County is the principle that citizens should have the opportunity to make public comments regarding proposed local governmental actions, and

WHEREAS, a fundamental and generally accepted principle of the electorate of Trempealeau County is the principle that local governing bodies should have control over local actions and decisions, particularly local land use decisions, and

WHEREAS, the role of the Trempealeau County Board is to represent the majority opinion of the Trempealeau County electorate in policy-making decisions and to defend the existing policies and ordinances of the County, and

WHEREAS, Wisconsin Senate Bill 387/Assembly Bill 479, Section 7, eliminates the opportunity for citizens to make public comment regarding zoning decisions by requiring a local governing body to ignore public comment at a conditional use permit application hearing, and

WHEREAS, Wisconsin Senate Bill 387/Assembly Bill 479, Section 7, places unreasonable limitations on the ability of a local governing body to effectively consider and take action, in the interest of the County and its citizens, on a conditional use permit application, and

WHEREAS, if passed, these proposed changes would weaken, or render ineffective, specific sections of the Trempealeau County Zoning Ordinance by eliminating the County's ability to make informed decisions, in the interest of the County and its citizens, regarding conditional use permit applications, and

WHEREAS, the Trempealeau County Board of Supervisors will exercise its responsibility to represent the majority opinion of the County's electorate and defend the County's ability to effectively consider and take action, in the interest of the County and its citizens, in regards to zoning matters.

NOW, BE IT RESOLVED the Trempealeau County Board of Supervisors, representing the fundamental principles of the voters of Trempealeau County, hereby signifies its opposition to Section 7 of SB 387 and respectively requests that this section be removed from SB 387 and companion bill AB479.

Introduced by: SUPERVISOR

Tim Jeglin Tim Zeglin

Resolution Drafted by: Timothy Zeglin

Reviewed by Corporation Counsel: Yes

Fiscal Impact: None.

RECEIVED IN THE OFFICE OF COUNTY CLERK

OCT 182917

DODGE COUNTY, WIS.



State of Misconsin 2017 - 2018 LEGISLATURE

LRB-4107/1 MS/EM/AM/KRP/ES:all

2017 SENATE BILL 387

August 10, 2017 - Introduced by Senators Tiffany, Craig, Nass, Darling and Lasee, cosponsored by Representatives Jarchow, R. Brooks, Stafsholt, Sanfelippo, Felzkowski, Tusler, Edming, Horlacher, Murphy, Kremer, Gannon, Hutton and Ballweg. Referred to Committee on Insurance, Housing and Trade.

AN ACT to renumber and amend 32.10, 59.694 (7) (c) and 62.23 (7) (e) 7.; to amend 32.10 (title), 59.69 (10e) (title), 59.69 (10e) (a) 1., 59.69 (10e) (b), 59.692 (1) (b) (intro.), 60.61 (5e) (title), 60.61 (5e) (a) 1., 60.61 (5e) (b), 62.23 (7) (hb) (title), 62.23 (7) (hb) 1. a. and 62.23 (7) (hb) 2.; and to create 30.20 (1g) (d), 32.09 (6c), 32.10 (1), 32.10 (5), 59.69 (5e), 59.692 (1) (am), 59.694 (7) (c) 1., 59.694 (7) (c) 3., 60.61 (4e), 60.62 (4e), 62.23 (7) (de), 62.23 (7) (e) 7. a., 62.23 (7) (e) 7. d., 66.10015 (1) (e), 66.10015 (2) (e), 66.10015 (4), 227.10 (2p) and 710.17 of the statutes; relating to: limiting the authority of local governments to regulate development on substandard lots and require the merging of lots; requiring a political subdivision to issue a conditional use permit under certain circumstances; standards for granting certain zoning variances; local ordinances related to repair, rebuilding, and maintenance of certain nonconforming structures; shoreland zoning of, and the removal of material

SENATE BILL 387

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from the bed of, certain small, private ponds; inverse condemnation proceedings; and the right to display the flag of the United States.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

INTRODUCTION

This bill makes various changes to local government zoning authority, navigable water permits, inverse condemnation proceedings, and the right to display the flag of the United States.

SUBSTANDARD LOTS

Under this bill, a city, village, town, or county may generally not prohibit a property owner from doing any of the following:

1. Conveying an ownership interest in a substandard lot.

2. Using a substandard lot as a building site if two conditions are met: the substandard lot has not been developed with one or more of its structures placed partly on an adjacent lot; and the substandard lot is developed to comply with all other ordinances of the political subdivision.

Under the bill, a substandard lot is defined as a lot that met any applicable lot size requirements when it was created, but does not meet current lot size requirements.

MERGING LOTS

This bill prohibits a state agency, city, village, town, or county from requiring that one or more lots be merged with another lot without the consent of the owners of the lots that are to be merged.

CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS

This bill requires a city village, town, or county to issue a conditional use permit to an applicant who meets, or agrees to meet, all of the requirements and conditions specified by the political subdivision. Under the bill, both the application, and the political subdivision's decision on the permit application, must be based on substantial evidence, although public testimony alone is not substantial evidence and cannot be the sole basis for a political subdivision to deny a conditional use permit. Once granted, a conditional use permit may remain in effect as long as the conditions under which it was granted are followed, except that a political subdivision may include conditions relating to the permit's duration, and the ability of the applicant to transfer or renew a permit.

VARIANCES

Under current law, a city, a village, or a town that is authorized to exercise village powers (collectively, "municipality") or a county is authorized to enact zoning ordinances that regulate and restrict the height, number of stories, and size of buildings and other structures; the percentage of lot that may be occupied; the size of yards and other open spaces; the density of population; and the location and use of buildings, structures, and land for various purposes.

SENATE BILL 387

(b) If the court determines that the defendant has taken the property of the
plaintiff under sub. (1) (b) 2. without exercising the power of condemnation, the court
shall issue an order requiring the defendant to, at the defendant's option, do one of
the following:
1. Pay damages to the plaintiff equal to the amount of the reduction in fair
market value of the property that is attributable to the action under sub. (1) (b) .
2. Rescind the government-imposed restriction that was found to have
resulted in the taking.
SECTION 7. 59.69 (5e) of the statutes is created to read:
59.69 (5e) CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS. (a) In this subsection:
1. "Conditional use" means a use allowed under a conditional use permit,
special exception, or other special zoning permission issued by a county.
2. "Substantial evidence" means evidence of such convincing power that
reasonable persons would accept it in support of a conclusion. "Substantial evidence"
does not include public comment that is based solely on personal opinion,
uncorroborated hearsay, or speculation.
(b) 1. If an applicant for a conditional use permit meets, or agrees to meet, all
of the requirements and conditions specified in the county ordinance, the county
shall grant the conditional use permit.
2. The requirements and conditions described under subd. 1. must be
reasonable and measurable, and may include conditions such as the permit's
duration, and the ability of the applicant to transfer or renew the permit. The
applicant must demonstrate that the application and all requirements and

conditions established by the county relating to the conditional use are, or will be,

satisfied, and must demonstrate such satisfaction by substantial evidence. The

SENATE BILL 387

1	county must demonstrate that its decision to approve or deny the permit is supp	orted
2	by substantial evidence. Public testimony alone is not substantial evidence	e and
3	cannot be the sole basis for the county to deny a conditional use permit.	
4	(c) Upon receipt of a conditional use permit application, and follows	owing
5	publication in the county of a class 2 notice under ch. 985, the county shall h	iold a
6	public hearing on the application.	
7	(d) Once granted, a conditional use permit may remain in effect as long a	is the
8	conditions upon which the permit was issued are followed, except that the co	ounty
9	may impose conditions relating to the permit's duration, and the ability of	of the
10	applicant to transfer or renew the permit, as well as any other additional, reaso	nable
11	conditions that are specified in the zoning ordinance.	
12	(e) If a county denies a person's conditional use permit application, the p	erson
13	may appeal the decision to the circuit court under the procedures contained	in s.
14	59.694 (10).	
15	SECTION 8. 59.69 (10e) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:	
16	59.69 (10e) (title) Repair, rebuilding, and maintenance of ce	RTAIN
17	NONCONFORMING STRUCTURES.	
18	SECTION 9. 59.69 (10e) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:	
19	59.69 (10e) (a) 1. "Development regulations" means the part of a ze	oning
20	ordinance enacted under this section that applies to elements including set	back,
21	height, lot coverage, and side yard.	
22	SECTION 10. 59.69 (10e) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:	
23	59.69 (10e) (b) An ordinance enacted under this section may not prohib	oit, or
24	limit based on cost, or require a variance for the repair, maintenance, renova	ation,



RESOLUTION NO .: 76-2017-18 DODGE COUNTY, WIS.

TO THE HONORABLE, THE OUTAGAMIE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

	LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: MAJORITY
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Legislation has been introduced which ratifies and enters Wisconsin into the Enhanced Nurse Licensure Compact. The enhanced compact replaced the original Nurse Licensure Compact, which was ratified in Wisconsin in 1999. Under both versions of the compact, a nurse, whether a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse, who is licensed in a state that has adopted the compact may practice in any other party state without needing to separately obtain a license in that other party state. The Enhanced Nurse Licensure Compact extends the time limit for emergency rule procedures, and providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures. NOW THEREFORE, the undersigned members of the Health and Human Services Committee
11	recommend adoption of the following resolution.
12	BE IT RESOLVED, that the Outagamie County Board of Supervisors does support proposed
13	legislation which ratifies and enters Wisconsin into the Enhanced Nurse Licensure Compact, and
14	BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED, that the Outagamie County Clerk be directed to forward a copy
15	of this resolution to the Health & Human Services Director, and the Outagamie County Lobbyist for
16	distribution to Governor Walker, the Legislature, and Wisconsin Counties Association.
17	
18	Dated this 244 day of October 2017
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Respectfully Submitted, HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE Barney Lemanski Justin Krueger
<i>43</i>	Junio, Lemanda

LRB 3932/1, the <u>enhanced Nurse Licensure Compact (eNLC)</u>, is legislation that updates our current nurse licensure compact statute to maintain Wisconsin's status as a compact statute.

The eNLC goes into effect on January 19, 2018. Most members of the current compact have transitioned to the new eNLC and are no longer part of the former NLC.

If Wisconsin does not adopt the new enhanced Compact before the end of 2017, Wisconsin's nurses who currently enjoy the benefits of our current Compact license will be forced to apply for a single-state license in Wisconsin and all other states in which they want to practice, including those that have joined the eNLC. Inaction by the state legislature will create unnecessary red-tape and licensure barriers for nurses interested in serving patients in any of the 26 compact states. Nearly all states that were members of the previous licensure compact have transitioned to the eNLC.

The eNLC provides an opportunity for nurses in Wisconsin to receive a multi-state license and allows nurses from other states to quickly fill vacancies in Wisconsin without receiving a duplicative single-state license. Nearly all Wisconsin nurses currently enjoy the benefits of an interstate license authorized by our compact and will continue to have the benefit of an interstate license under this bill.

This bill will allow Wisconsin to continue offering a voluntary, alternative process to expedite multi-state nurse licensure. As is the case today, the revised version of our current compact — the enhanced Nurse Licensure Compact — will not interfere with Wisconsin's ability to hold any nurse practicing in Wisconsin accountable for meeting all Wisconsin nurse practice laws.

Importantly, if Wisconsin enacts the enhanced Nurse Licensure Compact, nurses already licensed in the compact are grandfathered into the eNLC and can continue to serve patients under their interstate license. This will be particularly important for lowa-licensed nurses crossing the state border to practice in Wisconsin, for nurses delivering care across state lines via telehealth and for Wisconsin health care organizations utilizing traveling nurses to fill staffing vacancies in rural and urban communities.

The enhanced Nurse Licensure Compact is supported by Wisconsin's Board of Nursing and numerous Wisconsin health care organizations including the Wisconsin Hospital Association, the Wisconsin Organization of Nurse Executives and the Wisconsin Nurses Association. LRB 3932/1 bill was also developed in consultation with the Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services.

The Board of Nursing solicited feedback from licensed nurses earlier this year to understand nurse support for maintaining membership in the nurse licensure compact through the eNi.C. Of those providing feedback, 98% of nurses responded in support of Wisconsin maintaining its status as a Compact state through the eNi.C.

By maintaining Wisconsin's status as a Compact state, nurses in Wisconsin will continue to benefit from a streamlined licensure process that maintains state control of the regulation and practice of nursing.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill ratifies and enters Wisconsin into the Enhanced Nurse Licensure Compact (enhanced compact). The enhanced compact replaces the original Nurse Licensure Compact (original compact), which was ratified in Wisconsin in 1999.

Under both versions of the compact, a nurse, whether a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse, who is licensed in a state that has adopted the compact (party state) may practice in any other party state without needing to separately obtain a license

in that other party state. Significant provisions of the enhanced compact, as compared to the original compact, include all of the following:

 Under the enhanced compact, party states grant multistate nursing licenses, with the compact setting out minimum qualifications that an applicant must satisfy in order to be granted a multistate license, including that an applicant submit to a

background investigation. Under the enhanced compact, a multistate license is recognized by each party state as authorizing a nurse to practice, under a multistate licensure privilege, in that party state. The enhanced compact also provides that

party states may grant single-state licenses, which authorize practice only within the issuing state. The enhanced compact does not affect the requirements established by a party state for the issuance of a single-state license. Under the original compact, a license issued by a home state to a resident in that state is simply recognized by each other party state as authorizing a multistate licensure privilege to practice in that party state, with the qualifications for obtaining a license to be determined under each party state's laws.

The enhanced compact establishes an Interstate Commission of Nurse Licensure Compact Administrators (commission), which consists of the heads of each party state's board that licenses nurses, or their designees. The commission has

various powers and duties granted in the compact, including overseeing the administration of the compact, enforcing the compact, adopting bylaws, promulgating binding rules for the compact, and employing an executive director and employees. Under the original compact, the compact is administered by compact administrators, with the administrator for this state designated as the secretary of safety and professional services or his or her designee.

3. The enhanced compact includes various provisions regarding resolutions of disputes between the commission and party states and between party and nonparty states. The enhanced compact requires the commission to attempt to resolve disputes related to the compact that arise among party states and between party and nonparty states, after which such disputes would be handed through arbitration.

Under the original compact, disputes are simply to be handled through arbitration.

4. The enhanced compact includes a process for termination of a party state from the compact that has defaulted in the performance of its obligations under the compact. No such provisions are included in the original compact. Pursuant to the terms of the enhanced compact, the enhanced compact became effective in party states that have already enacted it on July 20, 2017, which was the date the enhanced compact was signed into law by a 26th state. The enhanced compact may be further amended upon enactment of an amendment by all member states.

The enhanced compact provides that all party states to the enhanced compact that also were parties to the original compact are deemed to have withdrawn from the original compact within six months after the effective date of the enhanced compact.



RESOLUTION NO.: _77-2017-18

TO THE HONORABLE, THE OUTAGAMIE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

T	Λ	מ	IFC	AND	GENTI	FN	TEN:
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MAJORITY

1 2	The mining industry can potentially provide benefits to communities which it affects, including job creation, new tax revenue, and economic development.
3	
4 5	However, if sufficient safeguards are not implemented, mining projects also have the potential to negatively impact the natural resources, public health, cultural heritage, and
6	certain economic aspects of those communities and Wisconsin as a whole. If a mine is
7	located near a body of water, discharges from that mine into the water could negatively
8 9	impact habitats for species of special concern. Such a mine could also create the risk of long-term leaching of acid-producing wastes into groundwater and the nearby waterbody.
10	The hazardous wastes generated by the mine could degrade water quality and present risks
11	to human health and the surrounding environment. Potential economic losses could
12 13	include reduction in property values and loss of tourism revenue. Due to its impact on the land itself, a mine could also result in the irreversible loss of significant cultural resources
14	in Wisconsin, including Native American gravesites and other areas of historical
15	significance.
16	
17 18	Those responsible for a mining project can mitigate the potential negative impacts of a mine by ensuring the implementation of sufficient safeguards, including approved
19 20	reclamation plans, groundwater monitoring, and other solid-waste-management measures.
21	This resolution opposes any mining project which does not implement sufficient
22 23	safeguards to mitigate the potential negative impacts of the mining project on the natural resources, public health, cultural heritage, and economy of Wisconsin.
24	
25	NOW THEREFORE, the undersigned members of the Agriculture, Extension Education, Land
26	Conservation & Zoning Committee recommend adoption of the following resolution.
27	BE IT RESOLVED, that the Outagamie County Board of Supervisors opposes any mining
28	project which does not implement sufficient safeguards to mitigate the potential negative impacts of the
29	mining project on the natural resources, public health, cultural heritage, and economy of Wisconsin, and
30	BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED, that the Outagamie County Clerk be directed to forward a copy
31	of this resolution to the Outagamie County Land Conservationist and the Outagamie County Lobbyist
32	for distribution to the Governor, the Wisconsin State Legislature and all Wisconsin counties.

Dated this 4th day of October 2017

33

Mielke, James

From:

Smith, Scott

Sent:

Monday, October 02, 2017 1:54 PM

To:

Mielke, James

Cc:

Schmidt, Dale; Mittelstadt, Scott; Walston, Dennis

Subject:

Out of State Training Request_Nov Exec Committee Agenda Item

Attachments:

Sheriff_Crash Investigation Team_Out of State Training_April2018.pdf

Hello Jim,

This is very early but just received the attached today. Can we reserve an agenda item for out of state training request at Nov's Exec Committee meeting please?

I'm including our Sgt Dennis Walston in event he is on-duty and available to attend the Exec Committee at 8A on November 6.

The training is in 2018, and is budgeted in proposed 2018 budget. Its early but not too early for us to get registered to insure a spot for our crash investigator.

The training listed is not offered in WI and we have found it very beneficial for members of our traffic crash investigation team.

Thanks,

Scott S

OUT-OF-STATE

REQUEST FOR TRAINING

(Attach copy of training announcement if available)

Name: Brian Severson		Badge #: 221	Date: 09/22/2017
Division: Patrol	Admi	n Supervisor: LT. lo	os
Name of Training: CDR Date		00//9	
Date(s) and Times of Train	2018 ning: <u>04-02-2817 to 04-0</u>	0010 06-2027 88-4p	
Location of Training: North	western University Cen	ter for Public Saftey	
Cost: 750.00	Check one:	Mandatory	☐ Voluntary
I hereby acknowledge that for voluntary training as s	et forth in the Train		
Employee Signature		•	
Request for overnight lode If yes, list date(s) you requ			<u>. </u>
Clearly explain how this tr Will allow me to analyze ACM dat			d/or the community?
Request for Training:		Denied Dat	e: <u>305£P301</u> 7 707_
Reason:			
Training Funds available	Yes No	Training LT Signs	ature
Request for Training: (Signature of Sheriff/Design	-MA 1	Denied Date	: <u>Jola 47</u>
Reason:			

DOSO 214 (Rev. 4/17)



Dodge County Land and Water Conservation Department

127 East Oak Street · Juneau, WI 53039-1329 PHONE: (920) 386-3660 EMAIL: landcons@co.dodge.wi.us

I am requesting that Robert Bird be allowed to attend the Conservation Tillage Conference in Willmar, MN. on December 5th and 6th 2017. This conference is put on by North Dakota State University Extension Service and the University of Minnesota Extension. Robert attended the conference with some local farmers last year and has been asked to attend again this year. Robert has been vital part of the starting/development of **Dodge County Farmers for Healthy Soils** and Healthy Water. This is an excellent educational opportunity for him to be able to bring new innovative ideas and assistance to Dodge County farmers.

John Bohonek

County Conservationist

Larry Bischoff LWCC Chair

Jim Mielke

County Administrator

otherwise dealing with the Opioid Epidemic are resources that cannot be used for other critical programs and services that the County provides to County citizens, residents and visitors; and,

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WHEREAS, the County has been informed that numerous counties and states across the country have filed or intend to file lawsuits against certain opioid manufacturers in an effort to force the persons and entities responsible for the Opioid Epidemic to assume financial responsibility for the costs associated with addressing, combatting and otherwise dealing with the Opioid Epidemic; and,

Briesen & Roper, s.c., Crueger Dickinson LLC, and Simmons Hanly Conroy LLC (the "Law Firms") related to the potential for the County to pursue certain legal claims against certain opioid manufacturers; and,

WHEREAS, the Law Firms have proposed that the County engage the Law Firms to prosecute the aforementioned claims on a contingent fee basis whereby the Law Firms would not be compensated unless the County receives a financial benefit as a result of the proposed claims, and the Law Firms would advance any and all claim-related costs and expenses associated with the claims; and,

WHEREAS, the Law Firms have assured the County that any and all of the costs and expenses associated with the claims against certain opioid manufacturers would be borne by the Law Firms; and,

WHEREAS, the Law Firms have provided a proposed engagement letter, ("Engagement Letter") specifying the terms and conditions under which the Law Firms would provide legal services to the County and otherwise consistent with the terms of this Resolution; and,

WHEREAS, the County has been informed that the Wisconsin Counties Association has engaged in extensive discussions with the Law Firms and has expressed a desire to assist the Law Firms, the County and other counties in the prosecution of claims against certain opioid manufacturers; and,

WHEREAS, the County would participate in the prosecution of the claim(s) contemplated in this Resolution by providing information and materials to the Law Firms and, as appropriate and allowed by law, the Wisconsin Counties Association as needed; and,

WHEREAS, the County believes it to be in the best interest of the County, its citizens, residents, visitors and taxpayers to join with other counties in and outside Wisconsin in pursuit of claims against certain opioid manufacturers; and,

WHEREAS, by pursuing the claims against certain opioid manufacturers, the County is attempting to hold those persons and entities that had a significant role in the creation of the Opioid Epidemic responsible for the financial costs assumed by the County;

SO, NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Dodge County Board of Supervisors authorizes the appropriate county officials to execute an Engagement Letter, provided that such Engagement Letter contains terms and conditions satisfactory to the County, including, but not limited to, a provision that specifies that all costs, expenses, and attorneys' fees shall be borne by the Law Firms and reimbursed only if the County receives a financial benefit from the prosecution of the proposed claim; and,

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the County shall endeavor to faithfully perform all actions required of the County in relation to the claims contemplated herein, and hereby directs all the County personnel to reasonably cooperate with and assist the Law Firms in relation thereto; and,

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED, that the Dodge County Clerk shall forward a copy of this Resolution, together with the signed Engagement Letter, to the Wisconsin Counties Association, 22 E. Mifflin Street, Suite 900, Madison, Wisconsin, 53703.

Russell Kottke	Dennis Schmidt	
Donna Maly	Joseph M. Marsik	_
MaryAnn Miller	Jeff Berres	
David Frohling		
Dodge County Judicial and Publi	c Protection Committee:	
MaryAnn Miller	Larry Schraufnagel	
Thomas Nickel	Dan Hilbert	
Larry Bischoff		
Larry Bischoff Dodge County Human Services a	nd Health Board:	
-	nd Health Board: Kira Sheahan-Malloy	_
Dodge County Human Services a		
Dodge County Human Services a Mary J. Bobholz	Kira Sheahan-Malloy	
Dodge County Human Services a Mary J. Bobholz Stephanie Justmann	Kira Sheahan-Malloy Lois Augustson	

Dodge County Executive Committee:

3

Resolution Summary: A resolution to engage with law firms to prosecute claims against certain opioid manufacturers.

1		RESOLUTION NO.		
2				
3	Resolution Approving Participation in the Blue Zone Project and			
4	Requesting Blue Zone Worksite Designation			
5				
6	TO THE I	HONORABLE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF DODGE COUNTY, WISCONSIN		
7	MEMBER	RS,		
8				
9		HEREAS, Dodge County employs more than 800 employees and is one of the largest employers		
10	in Dodge	County; and,		
11				
12		HEREAS, Clearview, Dodge County's diverse heart are facilities, employs a majority of		
13	Dodge Co	ounty's 800 plus employees; and,		
14				
15		HEREAS, the Dodge County Board of Supervisors, it Committees, and staff have received		
16				
17	Zone Wor	ksite; and,		
18	***	HEDEAG A DI 7 D ' A SAN D LAMB		
19		HEREAS, the Blue Zone Project was brought to Dodge County commenties via an initiative		
20	of the Bea	ver Dam Community Hospital Inc.; and,		
21	***	HEDE AS the Dive Zero Braid and the develor with a communities where well being is a		
22	vv vvov of lif	HEREAS, the Blue Zone Project true to develop healthy communities where well-being is a fe and employers are an instrumental partner in achieving healthy communities as employed		
23 24		s spend a majority of their day in the workplant and,		
25	marviduai	s spend a majority tachien day in in the workplaces and,		
26	w	HEREAS, the Brue Zone Project requires in mancial commitment or monetary contribution		
27		ployer to become designate worksite;		
28	oj un omp	No you to occoming the state of		
29	W	HEREAS by becoming a fine works employers may realize the following benefits:		
30	**			
31	14	Employees with increased productivity;		
32				
33	2.	Restriction in healthcare costs through health-risk assessments;		
34				
35	3.	Reduction in employee senteeism and an increased desire to make valuable contributions to		
36		the workplace;		
37				
38	4.	Reduction in entract and retain talent thereby		
39		becoming a workpute of choice;		
40				
41	5.	Increased employee participation in community-wide, well-being efforts; and,		
42				
43	6.	Increased employee volunteerism outside the workplace; and,		
44				

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SO, NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Dodge County Board of Supervisors that it recognizes the value of the Blue Zone Project and the benefits of being designated a Blue Zone worksite; and.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, on the condition that there be no direct monetary contribution in order to participate, the Dodge County Administrator or his designee is hereby authorized to pledge Dodge County's commitment to establishing two (2) Dodge County Blue Zone Worksites, General County and Clearview, by completing the Worksite Pledge and the development of worksite policies and programs in furtherance of healthy living; and,

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED, that Dodge County courages and supports its employees' participation in Blue Zone initiatives.

All of which is respectfully submitted this 14th of November 2017.

Dodge County Executive Committee: Dave Froming Russell Kottke Donna Maly eseph Mars Dennis Schwick MaryAnn Miller Jeff Berres Dodge County Health Facilities Committee: Lisa Derr Larry Bischof Jeffry Duchac Dan Hilbert Thomas J. Schaefer

Vote Required: Majority of Members present.

Resolution Summary: A resolution approving participation in the Blue Zone Project and Requesting Blue Zone Worksite Designation.



County intends to sue pharmaceutical companies

By Shelley Nelson on Oct 24, 2017 at 8:16 a.m.

Douglas County is among a growing number of Wisconsin counties taking on pharmaceutical companies over the opioid epidemic.

The County Board on Thursday night approved signing a letter of engagement with counsel in relation to claims against opioid manufacturers because of the rapid rise in problems stemming from the use, abuse and overuse of opioid medications. The motion was amended to record the decision had the support of the full board.

The county plans to sign an engagement letter with von Briesen & Roper, s.c. and Crueger Dickinson LLC, together with Simmons Hanly Conroy LLC.

Societal costs of opioid abuse are about \$75 billion annually, according to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Since 1999, the number of overdose deaths has quadrupled.

The idea was pushed by the Wisconsin Counties Association during a conference in late September, Douglas County Board Chairman Mark Liebaert said. After the conference, county officials asked corporate counselor Carolyn Pierce to take a look at it to determine whether the county should participate, Liebaert said.

Pierce drafted a list of pros, cons and unknowns the county would face if it proceeds with legal action. She cautiously recommended that it is something the county would have to sign onto if it's going to recover any costs from the lawsuit.

"A lot of it is unknown at this point," Pierce said. "They can't really tell us how much we're looking at in terms of recovery. We're really at the investigation point where the county is going to have to come up with damages."

Among the risks is that the lawyers for the pharmaceutical companies could bury the county in paperwork, which would increase staffing costs, Liebaert said.

"At some point, the sheriff's office, health and human services, or some other agencies, will have to put in a lot of work to prove our claim," Liebaert said.

Pierce said attorneys involved in the lawsuit would assist with the discovery process. They would be paid on a contingency basis.

"Whether or not there is going to be a big pot of gold at the end remains to be seen," Pierce said. But, she said, the county has no chance to recover its costs if it doesn't participate.

Several Wisconsin counties, including Eau Claire, Sauk, Marathon, Columbia and Grant, have already approved joining the lawsuit, according to news reports. The Wisconsin Counties Association hopes 60 to 70 of Wisconsin's 72 counties join in the lawsuit.

Liebaert likened the potential lawsuit to the one states won against tobacco companies about two decades ago. Then, the settlement received by the state wasn't shared with counties. Wisconsin's share of the settlement was largely used to patch holes in the state budget.

1	RESOLUTION NO.
2	
3	Advisory Resolution Opposing 2017 Senate Bill 425
4	Limiting Local Authority to Regulate Certain Wireless Facilities
5 6	
6	
7	TO THE HONORABLE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF DODGE COUNTY, WISCONSIN MEMBERS,
8	
9	WITH THE WAR AND
10	WHEREAS, 2017 Senate Bill 425 proposes to create §§ 66.0404(4e) and 66.0414, of the Wisconsin
11	Statutes, pertaining to regulating certain wireless facilities and the placement thereof in county rights-of-way;
12 13	and,
13	WIFDE AC the managed locislation managed to supply and an all and in Land Co. 11
15	WHEREAS, the proposed legislation purports to create and provide certain benefits to small wireless facilities in the form of regulatory exceptions and no fee permitting; and,
16	wheless facilities in the form of regulatory exceptions and no fee permitting; and,
17	WHEREAS, the proposed legislation significantly limits Dodge County's ability to regulate the
18	siting of certain wireless facilities and related infrastructure on county-owned land and county right-of-way;
19	and,
20	
21	WHEREAS, counties acquire land and rights-of-way for the benefit of the public and specifically
22	rights-of-way are acquired for the safety of the traveling public; and,
23	g p
24	WHEREAS, county rights-of-way serve as an uncluttered or minimally burdened buffer providing
25	for road construction and maintenance operations, clear lines of vision for travelling public and capacity in
26	the event of a traffic accident; and,
27	
28	WHEREAS, county highway commissioners are cognizant of the purposes and have local
29	knowledge and expertise in determining safe use of county rights-of-way adjacent to county highways; and,
30	
31	WHEREAS, currently, counties have the authority to determine the proper location of wireless
32	facilities and related infrastructure and whether to impose charges or fees for the siting of same on county-
33	owned lands including county right-of-way; and,
34	
35	WHEREAS, preempting or limiting Dodge County's ability to regulate the siting of certain wireless
36	facilities and related infrastructure, as proposed by 2017 Senate Bill 425, on county-owned lands and county
37	rights-of-way removes the County's exercise of discretion and flexibility for determining the proper and safe
38	location of such structures; and,
39 40	CO NOW THEREFORE DE ET DESOI VED 14. D. 1 C
41	SO, NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Dodge County Board of Supervisors that it hereby opposes the adoption of 2017 Senate Bill 425 and urges the State Legislature to vote against this
42	proposal; and,
43	proposal, and,
44	BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED, that that the Dodge County Clerk shall transmit a copy of this
45	Resolution to the Governor of the State of Wisconsin, all Wisconsin State Legislators with a constituency
46	within Dodge County, and the Wisconsin Counties Association.
47	

All of which is respectfully submitted this 14th day of November, 2017.

Dodge County Executive Committee:

Russell Kottke	Dennis Schmidt
Donna Maly	Joseph M. Marsik
MaryAnn Miller	Jeff Berres
David Frohling	
The Dodge County Highway Committee:	
flow flund	Jeff Benez
Harold Johnson	Jeff Berles
Vel Pour Coline	Ed Nelson
Jeffire Came	Ed Nelson
William Muche	
William Muche	

Vote Required: Majority of Members present.

Resolution Summary: A resolution opposing the 2017 Senate Bill 425 limiting local authority to regulate certain wireless facilities.

WISCONSIN COUNTIES UTILITY TAX ASSOCIATION

44 East Mifflin Street, Suite 605A, Madison, Wisconsin 53703 Phone: (608) 250-4685

2016-2017 Officers

October 18, 2017

President LAWRENCE WILLKOM (715) 723-5804

(715) 723-5804
Chippewa County
Dodge County Board Chair
W8542 Laurel Hill Rd
Vice President
Fox Lake, WI 53933

Russell Kottke

Vice President JOHN H. TRAMBURG (920) 484-3534 Columbia County

Dear County Board Chair Kottke

Secretary WILLIAM GOEHRING (920) 994-4749 Sheboygan County

Treasurer LINDA SINKULA (920) 388-3251 Kewaunee County

Executive Director
M. ALICE O'CONNOR
Direct (608)250-4685
aoc@constituencyservices.org

As fellow County Board Supervisors and officers in the Wisconsin Counties Utility Tax Association (WCUTA), we are writing to invite your county to join our association. For years, 20 counties with power plants built before 1996 have comprised our association. We have fought hard and won to preserve payment in lieu of local taxes for utilities, substations and transmission lines. Revenues assessed by the State are returned to counties as a separate utility tax payment beyond shared revenue payments. Utility aid helps counties and municipalities recoup costs they incur in providing services to public utilities that are exempt from local taxation. Aid is computed with a complicated formula that includes electric substations, general structures, office buildings and power production plants via a gross receipts tax. Aid includes investor owned and municipally owned light, heat, and power companies. As assessments for utility taxes have increased, payment to local units of governments under the utility tax have remained relatively flat.

Member Counties

ASHLAND BUFFALO CHIPPEWA COLUMBIA **DOUGLAS** DUNN GRANT **JEFFERSON** KENOSHA **KEWAUNEE** LA CROSSE MANITOWOC MARATHON MARINETTE OZAUKEE ROCK SHEBOYGAN VERNON

WASHINGTON

WCUTA's primary purpose is to both protect and enhance the portion of the shared revenue payment from the State of Wisconsin that directly impacts utility taxes. The utility tax formula has been set by the state since the late seventies with minor tweaks. In the past two years, WCUTA has worked out a more positive solution for towns who had been seeking county dollars to enhance their wind expansion projects—to instead pursue additional funds from the State. Your county has benefited from our efforts all these years.

We know as we forge ahead, uncertainty is always certain. WCUTA would welcome greater participation by your county. With approximately 15 percent or less returned to local governments for payment in lieu of local tax assessments, we are always striving to secure a greater percentage of funds from those dollars collected by the State. We know the pressure we all face to balance our budgets, working under revenue caps while the citizen's demand for services never seems to decrease. Your participation could strengthen our voices in any efforts we undertake.

We feel now is the time to strengthen our numbers and that is why we write to ask you to join WCUTA. For a small annual financial commitment (dues calculated as 0.0015 percent of your expected State utility payment), we will lobby to protect the existing utility tax formula and your financial interests. In the case of your county, for the small sum of \$677.95, our association will monitor ongoing legislation, proactively advocate for more utility tax dollars, and protect your current utility revenue of \$451,965.00 We feel this is a smart investment to protect your interests.

WISCONSIN COUNTIES UTILITY TAX ASSOCIATION

44 East Mifflin Street, Suite 605A, Madison, Wisconsin 53703 Phone: (608) 250-4685

If you have an interest in joining WCUTA, we would invite you to attend our next Board meeting in person or by phone—December 8th at 10:00 a.m. in Madison. If you would like to attend our December meeting or have any questions, please contact our Executive Director, Alice O'Connor, at (608)250-9391 or by email at aoc@constituencyservices.org, or feel free to contact one of us.

We are attaching an invoice for your consideration. Should you choose to join WCUTA, you will be automatically authorized to have a representative on our Board and help shape our policy direction moving forward. You can also feel free to contact Dan Bahr or Chelsea Fibert at the Wisconsin Counties Association.

If you would like to join WCUTA, we would appreciate if you could respond by November 15th, so we can plan for next year.

We thank you for your consideration.

Malue Ofon

Sincerely.

M. Alice O'Connor Executive Director

On Behalf Of:

Lawrence Willkom
Chippewa County
Columbia County
2017 WCUTA President

John H. Tramburg
Columbia County
Sheboygan County
Columbia County
2017 WCUTA Secretary
2017 WCUTA Secretary
2017 WCUTA Treasurer